



FS Agriculture presentation to NERSA objecting to ESKOM tariff increases – Reject RCA

Jack Armour – Operations Manager - FSAgri 19 Nov. 2020 Bloemfontein

Who are we - who do we represent:



- Free State Agriculture (FSA) is a Provincial Association representing 3300 commercial farmer members (& +-80 000 dependants and workers)
- FSA affiliates to AgriSA nationally
- The provincial branches of the following Commodity association affiliate to us:
 - RPO (Red meat Producers Association), PotatoesSA,
 GrainSA, MPO (milk) SAPPO (pork), etc.
- Many of our members are <u>intensive energy users</u> in irrigation, poultry, pork and agri-processing

Free State ESKOM use per Sector



Notal trom April19-Dec19		Total Consumption	
		(GWh)	%
	IPP	0.00	0.00%
	Agricultural	387.09	8.60%
	Re-distributors	2982.27	66.28%
	Commercial	309.16	6.87%
	Industrial	236.00	5.25%
FREE STATE	International Sales	66.95	1.49%
	Mining	128.64	2.86%
	Prepayment	284.62	6.33%
	Publiclights	45.86	1.02%
	Remote_APS	0.00	0.00%
	Residential	33.11	0.74%
	Traction	25.55	0.57%
	External_Sales	4499.24	99.81%
	Internal Sales	8.41	0.19%
1			

Total.Categories

4507.66

100.00

Vrystaat Landbou Free State Agriculture Tsa Temo Freistata

None in FS?? Biggest PAYING Client!!

Agric 2nd biggest client in FS!!

= Municipalities & CENTLEC?

Lesotho?

Mines minimal!

Agric. uses 3x more than mines

Eskom FBS in Townships? Trains?

Profile of our members



- 80+% of our members are SMME's
- Ave. member employs +-5 full time & +-5 seasonal workers
 = 20 dependants / 7 HH's
 - Farm workers don't benefit from Free Basic Service farmers provide, NOT municipality HIGH <u>FIXED</u> SERVICE FEE > energy charge R2000+/m/transformer point (9000 points @R2000 = <u>R18mil /m</u> FIXED contribution to ESKOM)
- Badly affected by a <u>prolonged drought</u> BFAP 2019 report states 10 years to get back to 2015 financial levels <u>IF</u> all goes well
- Farm safety NB ESKOM transformer theft and load shedding affects signal of cellphone/ connected IoT devices; e.g. safety -cameras, -lighting, livestock e-tags, etc.

Boere in gevaar as vandale by selfoontorings karring

Deur Vida Booysen | 07 Februarie 2020 | 1162 keer gelees



https://www.netwerk24.com/landbou/Nuus/boere-in-gevaar-as-vandale-byselfoontorings-karring-20200206

'n Gebrek aan selfoonontvangs kan die <u>verskil tussen lewe en doo</u>d vir boere en hul werkers beteken. From: Hugo, Tom, Vodacom South Africa

Sent: 27 January 2020 08:19 AM

To: Jack Armour

Subject: RE: Signal problems: Mooigelee Silo, Lindley

Hi Jack

Hope everything is going good on your side.

teams is still <u>struggling with vandalism</u> of site with <u>batteries that are stolen together</u> with <u>municipality transformers that the</u> municipality do not fix/replaced.

These transformers is not necessarily in the same town as the site, but they are influencing the site, due to **if the transformer is faulty we need to run generators** to keep transmission line up to the next town.

We are truly sorry for the network problems, but the team is really doing their utmost best to keep the network running.

Unfortunately there are circumstances where we are depending other entities, as mention above, which are making it a bit tough for us.

Ready?

Hope all is in order, will revert again when reupdates.

Have a blessed week.

Kind Regards

Tom Hugo

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The future is exciting. Ready?

ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATION, INCLUSIVE GROWTH, AND COMPETITIVENESS:

TOWARDS AN ECONOMIC STRATEGY FOR SOUTH AFRICA

Prepared by Economic Policy, National Treasury

MINISTRY OF FINANCE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

2	Modernizing network industries	Higher input
	2.1 Electricity: planning, pricing, and Eskom's sustainability	costs = more
		mechanization
	Prioritizing labour-intensive growth: the role of agriculture and services	for scale
	4.1 The role of agriculture in promoting labour-intensive growth	economies
	Innovative joint ventures can boost agricultural production and promote agrarian	Higher ESKOM
	transformation	tariffs make it
	4.2 Create an enabling environment for investment in agriculture ??? 39	more difficult
	Implement innovative financing solutions required by farmers	for new
	Introduce adequate and affordable agriculture insurance	entrants,
	Improve extension services for smallholder and emerging farmers	especially
	Enhance trade promotion, market access, and access to water for irrigated agriculture41	smallholders &
		irrigation SH
	Invest in establishing innovative market linkages for smallholders	farmers & for
	Low door ECVOM alian with our national	BEE Agro-
	 How does ESKOM align with our national 	Drocossing

Economic strategy RE Agriculture?? NDP etc.

Eskom's impact on SA Economy (pre-COVID!):

- Vrystaat Landbou Free State Agriculture Tsa Temo Freistata
- SA Reserve Bank Monetary Policy Committee revised forecasts for 2020 to 1.2% (from 1.4%) and 1.6% (from 1.7%) for 2021 based on:
- World Bank cuts its growth forecast for SA to below 1% for 2020 due to Eskom's load shedding.
- WB expects the economy to expand by 0.9% this year. That compares
 with an estimate of 1% in its Africa Pulse report released in October and
 is still well below government forecasts.
- The bank's revision comes as Eskom, which generates about 95% of the country's electricity, resumes rolling blackouts earlier than expected.
- The power cuts threaten to drag on an economy stuck in the longest downward cycle since 1945 and that hasn't expanded by more than 2% annually since 2013.
- The World Bank said it sees GDP growth averaging 1.4% in 2021-22 if
 President Cyril Ramaphosa's administration is able to <u>ramp up structural</u>
 <u>reforms</u> and <u>address policy uncertainty</u>, and if there's a recovery in
 public and private sector investment.





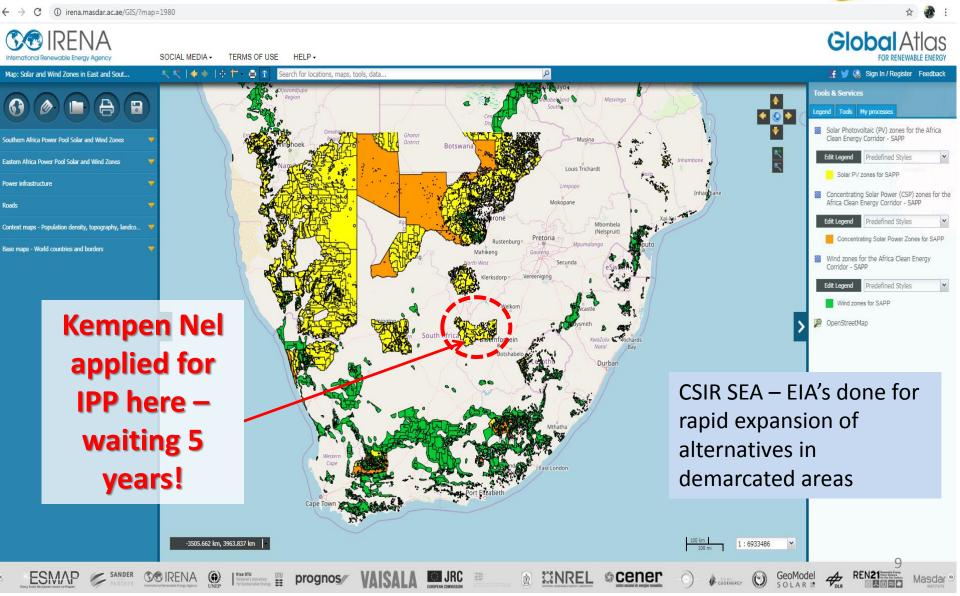
Renewables Poised to Support New Age of

Development - Global Decision Makers Gathered for 10th Assembly - Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates, 10 January 2020

"The need for multilateral cooperation and longterm decision making has never been greater in the context of energy planning"

"a decade of rapid energy sector development to ensure that **renewables** support a new age of universal energy access, sustainable economic growth and climate action" The International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA)

Supporting countries in their transition to a sustainable energy future https://irena.masdar.ac.ae/GIS/?map=1980



Why 'critical peak' billing can't always work in agriculture?



Tsa Temo Freistata 06:00-22:00 are SUNLIGHT Farmers can't hours when SOLAR electricity What if these 20 budget for profitable production peaks!!!??? days occur during production with Will drive faster conversion to critical crops such unsecure price irrigation periods? alt. energy The only change and supply – can to the Critical impact food security Peak day tariff options is on Off-peak the energy HIGHER charges component, as energy ADD the 20 days Critical follows: remain the charges **CPD** energy **Peak Days** same as per year from 06:00 premium existing to 22:00 tariff Energy Off-peak REDUCED MINUS charges Nonenergy 345 days remain the energy Critical charges rebate same as per year from 06:00 Days (reduction) existing to 22:00 tariff

All other non -energy components of the customers' existing tariff will remain unchanged; that is the network, service, admin, reliability, levies and energy demand charges will remain the same as the existing tariff charges.

Members inputs:



 Irrigation farmers met with Eskom RE load-sheading new timetable compiled by NERSA & Eskom without any Public Participation!.

Through SAAFWUA a request to Mnr De Ruyters for 120hrs (weekdays) continuous power and thereafter (weekends) no power = savings by Eskom.

Big implication on **food security** - 25% from irrigation

 RE <u>IPP</u>'s, if "grid tied" systems that feed power into the grid have load-shedding, then they also can't supply power during load-shedding!

What is Just and Equitable? A refund for % service not rendered:



For someone running a 24hr plant 5 days a week						
Loadshedding:	2:30:00 per session					
x2 per day	5:00:00	20.8% of a day				
x5 per week	25:00:00	14.9% of a week				
X 4.35 per weeks	108:37:51	14.9% of a month				
X 52.24 weeks	1303:34:17	14.6% of a year				

2 ½ hrs Level-2 load shedding implemented fully over a month = 20% discount on line fees!??

(14% if you don't use on weekends)

Reduced service delivery – increased costs!?:



- In Jacobsdal & Petrusburg area 3 electrician technicians emigrated to NZ & after a year and a few months no replacements have been made.
- Technicians / subcontractors refusing to come out after hours stating ESKOM doenst pay overtime.
- Losses already suffered due to loadshedding!
 - Increased switch gear and a equipment wear and tear And now need to still pay (indirectly) for the power we didn't use?

Utility death spiral:

Increased fees & unreliability costs pricing ESKOM out of the market!



- Farmers are going off grid & to GROWING BIO-Energy crops to supply PEAK demand!
- Intensive users; irrigators, dairy, piggeries and chicken farmers converting to alternative energy
- Energy from non-renewables is dead / killing the planet

 evident from climate change! Consumers (and
 BANKS) demanding ethically produced food Energy source part of this
- <u>Capture & Corruption</u> have <u>broken trust in ESKOM</u>, Municipal debt burdens & Free Basic Services need to be relooked (Treasury pays Municipalities for Indigents!)

Our position:



- We cannot afford higher tariffs
- ESKOM has priced itself out of the market itself
- Losses need to be recovered from:
 - Politicians who allowed municipalities and SOE's to run up massive debts
 - Political parties who benefitted from Rx billions in lucrative tenders (<u>Medupi and Kusile "tenders corrupt from day</u> <u>1"</u>) and
 - Labour Unions who captured/meddled in running ESKOM into the financial ruin it is currently in
- NO to RCA

AgriSA Media release 21 May 2020



Rising electricity tariffs are a major constraint for agriculture and the overall economy

NERSA has announced its decision regarding Eskom's Regulatory Clearing Account (RCA) application for the 2018/19 financial year. NERSA approved an RCA balance of R13,3 billion in Eskom's favour. Eskom's application was for R27.323 billion. Agri SA provided written commentary to NERSA and presented at the public hearing that took place in February 2020. Our inputs highlighted the importance of agriculture for food security and the negative impact of rising electricity tariffs for the sector. NERSA's Reasons for Decision (RfD) and an implementation plan for the 2018/19 RCA balance must still be released. This RCA balance will be recouped by even further electricity tariff increases.

To stay afloat, Eskom requires higher and higher electricity tariffs. However, weak economic conditions and price sensitive consumers translates to lower electricity sales. The national lockdown and limited economic activity weaken electricity demand and sales even further. In reaction to this, Eskom will again need higher electricity tariffs that push Eskom further into a utility "death spiral". The current trajectory of rising electricity tariffs is unsustainable.

The agriculture sector plays a crucial role to ensure that national food security requirements are fulfilled. In the context of COVID-19, it is even more crucial for agriculture to be able to provide sufficient and affordable food. Over 25% of the country's food is produced by irrigation-reliant and energy-intensive industries, including horticulture, dairy, poultry, grains, and agro-processing.

Farmers are price takers, meaning that they cannot easily pass on rising costs to the consumer.

According to official figures from DALRRD, prices of agricultural products moved sideways for the last two years (2017/18 - 2018/19). Electricity is a key production input and accordingly, increased tariffs will have a severe impact on agriculture. Agricultural expenditure on electricity in 2019 amounted to approximately R7.4 billion. The forthcoming increases in the costs of electricity will place tremendous liquidity pressure on agricultural enterprises, given that electricity constitutes a significant proportion of their variable costs.

Alternative solutions, as part of energy sector reform, should allow for greater private sector participation and competition in the generation of electricity to make it more affordable.

The Centre of Excellence Economics & Trade is active on various fronts to support agriculture's growth and sustainability. In terms of electricity, we lobby to mitigate electricity and fixed cost tariff increases, whilst we have made significant strides in opening-up regulations for the use of renewable energy in agriculture.

Tariff increases are implemented according to the ERTSA methodology whereby fixed cost tariffs are increased by the same percentage as electricity tariffs. Agri SA has undertaken several actions to raise this issue with NERSA and Eskom.

Eskom's revenue application to NERSA and the approved percentage increase for electricity tariffs are based on projections of electricity sales. Accordingly, we have always maintained that fixed cost tariffs should not be increased on the same basis or by the same percentage. We will continue our engagements to support a sustainable solution to make electricity more affordable for the whole sector